

NOTES ON WIL
LIVE IN HONGKONG
AND SOUTH-CHINA.
By THE REV. O. A.
BUNBURY, M.A.
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Price \$1.00

The China Mail

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No. 16,151.

號十月二年五十五百九千壹英

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1915

寅甲戌歲年四國民華中

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JOHN DEWAR & SON'S
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AMERICAN DENTISTRY
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THE Latest Improvements towards
Lining Work—Ship and Painless
Operations. No charge for examinations.
Fees moderate. T. YAMASAKI.

34, Queen's Road, Central.
(Corner of Flower Street).
Telephone No. 1362.
Hongkong, February 2, 1915.

THE "CHINA MAIL"

NOTICE

Communications relating to news should
be addressed to THE EDITOR.

Correspondents must forward their
names and addresses with any communication
addressed to the Editor, not necessarily
for publication but as evidence of good faith.

All matter for publication should be
written on one side of the paper only.

Letters relating to business should be
addressed to THE MANAGER.

Rate of subscription to "China Mail" is
\$36 per annum; per quarter and per month
"pro rata".

The "China Mail" is delivered free to
subscribers in Hongkong and Kowloon.

Postage is charged at the rate of fifty
cents per month.

Orders for extra copies of the "China
Mail" should be sent as soon as possible as
the supply is limited. Cash 10 cts. Credit
50 cts. per copy.

Rate of subscription to the "Overland
China Mail" is \$12 per annum; postage
\$1 per annum extra. Single copies twenty
cents each.

Alterations and additions to Advertisements
on Pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 should
be sent to the office, No. 5, Wyndham
Street, not later than 11.30 a.m.

Alterations and additions to Advertisements
on pages 1, 4, 5 and 8 should be
sent not later than 1 p.m.

New Advertisements should be sent to
before 2 p.m.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which
are not ordered for a fixed period will be
continued until countermanded.

Telegraphic Address "Mail" Hongkong.
Code A.B.C. 5th Edition.
Telephone No. 22.

WAR NEWS.

THE UNION CASUALTIES.

What the Boer Revolt Cost.

Pretoria, Dec. 25th.—The total casualties
of the South African Union forces, in suppressing
the Boer insurrection and in
operations against the Germans in Damara-
land, are officially announced.
In suppressing the Beyers-Dorset revolt
the Union troops lost: Killed, 105;
wounded, 223. The rebel losses, exclusive
of prisoners were: Killed, 170; wounded,
300.
The casualties in operations in Damara-
land up to date are: Killed, 19;
wounded, 82; prisoners, 298.

DUTCH PRESS VIEWS.

An Opinion on the British Army.

Writing on the British army, the Neder-
lander says: "French, the British have in
many respects broken with their military
traditions and avoided former mistakes. It
had never before happened that immedi-
ately upon the breaking out of war a first-
rate British army in readiness to
leave for the front."
This chief reproach which the Germans
bring at the British is that they fight for
money. This is quite true; but the pro-
fessional military in all countries, including
in the first place officers and soldiers, are
paid as well, and no one would think of
reproaching them for it. Why should not a
military man live on his pay, as well as a
lawyer or a doctor on his fees? In 1870
numbers of German army commanders
received large sums from the tributes of
war, and Napoleon also used to liberally
reward his successful Generals.

What makes the Englishman strong on
the battlefield, is his national pride. What
would Britain say if he came home bested?
The glory of his ancestors leaves him no
peace. He wishes to equal them. He
does not recognize any race above his own.
This characteristic, which has been the
source of much evil, sometimes has
been productive of good as well, and the
consequence is that he is an Englishman,
and as such has an honour and a reputation
to lose, gives the British soldier strength
to persevere to the bitter end.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.

ENGINEERS AND SHIPBUILDERS.

VESSELS INSTEEL OR WOOD, STEAM OR MOTOR DRIVEN, TUGS
BARGES, STEAM OR OIL LIGHTERS, LAUNCHES,
MOTOR YACHTS AND HOUSEBOATS.

ROOFS, BRIDGES, STEEL BUILDINGS AND CONSTRUCTION WORK.
SMART STEAM LAUNCH FOR SALE OR HIRE
SOLE AGENTS FOR KELVIN MOTORS.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

HONGKONG AGENT.

THE CREDITORS of the above Com-
pany whose CLAIMS have not been
dealt with by the Liquidators are required
to send in the Particulars thereof to the
Liquidators before the 25th day of
February, 1915.

The Liquidators disclaim all responsi-
bility for Claims not notified to them
before the above mentioned date.

LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS.

Liquidators.

Hongkong, Jan. 25, 1915.

NOTICE.

ANY EUROPEAN desiring to leave the
Colony should apply in writing for
permission to do so to the Provost Marshal,
Head Quarters Office, at least 48 hours
before the intended hour of departure,
giving name, nationality, age, sex, height,
complexion and occupation of the applicant,
and stating the name of the steamer or
other vessel or the hour of the train by
which the applicant wishes to leave.
Applicants should apply in person for their
pass to the Provost Marshal at Head
Quarters Office between the hours of
10 a.m. and 4 p.m.

Hongkong, January 26, 1915.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK-
ING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
THE ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY
MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS IN
this Corporation will be held at the City
Hall, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the
20th day of February, 1915, at Noon, for
the purpose of receiving the Report of the
Court of Directors together with a State-
ment of Accounts to 31st December, 1914.
The REGISTERED SHARES of the
Corporation will be CLOSED from MON-
DAY, the 8th February, to SATURDAY,
the 20th February, 1915, (both days
inclusive), during which period no Transfer
of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
N. J. STABB,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, February 3, 1915.

WHO'S WHO IN JAPAN

EDITED AND PUBLISHED BY S. KURIYA.

The first 1913 edition is already issued.

BIOGRAPHIES of over 6,000 people
who are well-known in society and of
several hundred foreigners associated with
Japan appear in the book. Quite new
materials and accurate sketches, both being
utterly free from prejudices.

Many portraits are inserted. The book
contains over 1,400 pages.
The price is yen 8 (12/-) or 83 per copy.
Orders for the book should be accompanied
by payment.

Subscribers for the second annual edition
of "Who's Who in Japan" will be allowed
a reduction of one yen.

The registered postage is 18 cts. to Korea
and China 40 cts. and to Europe & America
70 cts. or 35 cents.

It is a Good Advertising Medium.

Many influential papers of the world
noticed this work in the highest terms.

For example, The Daily Mail says—
"Yet another 'Who's Who' and this
time from Japan! The reader is apt at
first to regard it as a curiosity, as a sign
that the East has now become Western
practically alike to the last detail. But
'Who's Who in Japan' is far more than a
curiosity; it is a very sound and useful
reference book. It is printed in English
and contains brief biographies, on the
accepted model of prominent men in Japan.
Mr Kuriya is a skillful editor and has done
his work well."

Who's Who in Japan PUBLISHING OFFICE,
No. 5, 1-chome, Uchiyoshi-cho,
Kojimachi-ku, Tokyo.

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1860.

IRON STEEL METAL AND HARD
WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale
and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and
Foundry Coke Importers. General Store-
keepers and Shipchangers. Nos. 35 and
37, HING LOONG STREET, (2nd Street, west
of Central Market) Telephone No. 515.
Hongkong, September 4, 1912.

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON.

15, Morrison Hill Road.

THE NATIONAL LOAN OF THE
THIRD YEAR OF THE
REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

SIXTEEN MILLION DOLLARS
(\$16,000,000)
AND
SUPPLEMENTARY ISSUE OF EIGHT
MILLION DOLLARS (\$8,000,000).

NOTICE is hereby given to Subscribers
that arrangements have been made
by the Chinese Government to hand to the
Undersigned each month the sum of
Dollars One Hundred and Twenty Thousand
(\$120,000) from the revenues as signed
under the Loan Regulations to the service
of these Loans. Loan service Accounts
have been opened in the name of the
Undersigned with the Bank of China and
the Bank of Communications, into which
these monthly instalments of interest will
be paid as received, and these accounts
of Finance and the Ministry of Com-
munications and has been placed on fixed
deposit in the name of the Undersigned
with the Bank of China and the Bank of
Communications, as a permanent guarantee
for the interest on the loan.

SUBSCRIBERS to the Supplementary
Issue of Eight Million Dollars (\$8,000,000)
are further notified that in accordance with
Article II of the Loan Regulations the full
amount of Dollars Four Hundred and
Eighty Thousand (\$480,000), being the
amount of interest on the loan for one
year, has been duly raised by the Ministry
of Finance and the Ministry of Com-
munications and has been placed on fixed
deposit in the name of the Undersigned
with the Bank of China and the Bank of
Communications, as a permanent guarantee
for the interest on the loan.

F. A. AGLEN,

Inspector General of Customs,
and Vice-Chairman of the Bureau
of National Loans.

Inspector General of Customs,
Peking, 27th January, 1915.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE VERIFIED THE SEASONS
OF THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.,
and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS
ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1913,
£23,622,185.

I—Authorized Capital £6,000,000
Subscribed Capital £4,500,000
Paid up Capital £2,437,500

II—Fire Funds £3,899,114
III—Life & Annuity Funds £16,138,180
Sinking Fund Account £3,612

Revenue Fire Branch £2,567,168
Life and Annuity 1,973,269
Branches £289,692
Revenue Marine Department 430,193
Other Receipts £5,333,315

The Accumulative Funds of the various
Branches are separately invested, and, by
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet
the claims under the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO
Agents.

CHEN KWONG & Co., Ltd.

GENERAL IMPORT &
EXPORT.

CANTON

LARGE WHOLESALE & RETAIL
STORE.

FURNITURE, Draperies, Groceries,
Boat and Shoes.

Masters of Jewellery, Lacquerware,
Crockery Ware.

Iron-mongery, Wine and Spirits.

Foreign Clothes for gentlemen made to
order by our own tailors.

Large assortment of Chinese Silks and
Foreign Goods of every description.

All goods sold at reasonable Prices.
The Cheapest and Best place in Canton &
Hongkong to buy Chinese and Foreign
Goods.

SUP. PAT. POO STREET.
CANTON and
Nos. 237, 238, Des Vaux Road
and No. 129, Connaught Road Central.
Tel. No. 811.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE cannot be
beaten. It equals the best of
Cafes. Confectionery: Made with Whisk &
Liquors.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND
ENGINEERING CO. OF
HONGKONG, LTD.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FORGE
MASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL,
ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.

WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE
AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.

Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway
Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAVING DOCK 75' x 38' x 3' 6"
Pumps empty Dock in 2-3 1/2 hours.

THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels up to 3,000 tons displacement
providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES
throughout the Shops ranging up to 100 Tons.

5-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR:
JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & CO. LTD.

PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to 120 H.P.
As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.

MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS,
LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS & PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY
DESCRIPTION.

MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, ETC.
Dockyard Manager can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the
Town Office.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.
HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN AGENTS.
Telegraphic Address: "FAIRDOCK." TELEPHONE No. 212.

HONGKONG TURKISH BATH & TOILET CO., LD.

NOW OPEN
LADIES DAYS MONDAYS AND TUESDAYS
CHARGES—

Turkish Bath - - - - - 3
Electric Bath - - - - - 2
Complete Body Massage - - - - - 8
Simple Bath - - - - - 75 cts.

FOR MEDICAL BATH DOCTORS' PRESCRIPTION WANTED.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR VOLUNTEER.
13 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. J. O. SCPIESS, Manager.

LIPTON'S

No. 1 Tea 85 cts. per lb. Fookchow Buds 80 cts. per lb.
Our own Special Blend of India & China Teas
85 cts. per lb.

Roasted & Ground daily the best Java Coffee
75 cts. per lb.

For absolutely the best Cup of Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, also Scones, Cakes &c.
procureable in Hongkong—to be obtained only at

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE
LADIES CLOAK ROOM.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

AND

GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART.

MANAGER.

PEAK HOTEL.

ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms.
Roof Garden.

Terms—From 25 per day Max
Telegraph Add: "Peaceful."
P. O. PEUSTER
Manager.

GRAND HOTEL.

A FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE HOTEL, most central location within
the vicinity of all the principal Banks.

Noted for the Best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Cleanliness. Cuisine
under European Supervision. A First Class string Orchestra renders selections from
5.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.

Special monthly terms for residents and for Shipping particulars only—
For further particulars apply—
Telephones 197
Telegraphic Address: "COMFORT."

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GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

Portland Cement

In Casks of 375 lb. net

In Bags of 25 lbs. net

Shewan, Tomes & Co

GENERAL MANAG.

CRUICKSHANK'S COUGH BALSAM.

A VALUABLE REMEDY FOR COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA AND
ALL DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

PRICE \$1.00 Per Bottle.

MARTIN'S MIXTURE.

A SPECIFIC FOR INFLUENZA, HAY FEVER, COLD IN THE HEAD.

PRICE \$1.00 Per Bottle.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., LD.

Established 1823

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND
1/2" to 15"

CABLE LAD
5" to 15"

4 STRAND
3" to 10"

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

Prices, Samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to
Shewan Tomes & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

"MUMEYA."

"While-you-wait" Photography

JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH
APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH
IN AN HOUR

PRICE 2.00 per 3 pcs. for Post Card.

No. 84 Queen's Road Central.

TELE. No. 254.

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED)

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have
over thirty years' experience. We own two Slipways and can accommodate any craft
of 200 feet long.

Town Office, 48, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong. Telephone No. 458.
Shipyard, Sham-Sui-Po, Kowloon, HONGKONG. Telephone No. K 9.
Estimates furnished on application. WONG PING WA, Manager.

Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

Bournville

The "COCOA de Luxe"

HIGHEST GRADE
BRITISH MADE

"BOURNVILLE COCOA represents the
highest grade of nutritive cocoa preparation
the market; it fully maintains its high reputa-
tion in food value and delicacy of flavour, and
is second to none in any respect whatsoever."
Medical Magazine, March, 1912

CADBURY'S
CHOCOLATES

In Tins and Fancy Boxes

Specially Packed for Export

FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN" BOURNVILLE, ENGLAND

Hongkong, Dec. 17, 1907.

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G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.,

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

DIAMOND BRACELETS, RINGS, BROOCHES,
SILVER CUPS, TEA SETS, CIGARETTE CASES

etc., etc.,

AGENTS FOR
BENSON'S ENGLISH MADE WATCHES.

HOTEL MANSIONS: OPPOSITE GENERAL POST OFFICE.

WING KEE & CO.,

Nos. 47, 48 and 49, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL
SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS, COAL
MERCHANTS, &c., &c., OF FIFTY YEARS STANDING
SHIP CAPTAINS ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE US A TRIAL.
FRANCISCO TSE YAT, General Manager
Hongkong, August 12, 1908.THE KAILAN MINING
ADMINISTRATION.

KAIPING COAL

Now well-known throughout the East for
STEAM RAISING, FORGING, STEEL MAKING, SHIPS' BUNKERS AND
HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

KAIPING COKE

Competes with the best quality English Coke for
FOUNDRY, SMELTING AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.FIREBRICKS
FIRECLAY,
STOCKS ALWAYS ON HAND.OFFICES: QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, HONGKONG.
TEL. ADDRESS: MAISHAN, HONGKONG.
TELEPHONE: No. 463.

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents

WEEKLY NEWS FOR HOME

The Overland China Mail

FULL REPORTS.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

Under before you leave, so that you may receive it while at Home.

Price \$14 per annum, including postage.

CAN BE MAILED FROM THIS OFFICE.

THE CHINA MAIL, Ltd., Wyndham St. et

A Natural
RemedyTime was when disease was thought to be due
to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism
and magic were invoked to cast it out.Science has taught us wisdom. The evil
spirits exist still. We call them "Disease
Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once
lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with
its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches
and pains, is the result.ENO'S
FRUIT SALTis the approved remedy for driving out disease
germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It
cleans the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new
life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy
action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole
digestive tract.It may be safely taken at any time by young
or old.It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhoea
by removing the irritating cause.Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping
a bottle in the house.

Prepared on y by

G. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, ENGLAND.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

INTIMATIONS

MITSU BISHI GOSHI KWAISHA
(MITSU BISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TAKI-
SIMA, OCHI, MUTABE, YO-
SHINOTANI, KISHIDAKE, HOJO,
KANADA, NAMASUTA, SATO,
SHINNEW and KAMIMADADA
Collieries.AGENTS for SAKITO, & OYUBARI
COALS.

HEAD OFFICE:—TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES:—

Nagasaki, Moji, Karatsu,
Wakamatsu, Otsu, Maroran,
Hakodate, Kobe, Osaka, Kure,
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya,
Tsuruga, Shanghai, Hongkong,
Hankow, Peking.TEL. ADDRESSES for above: IWASAKI
Codes:—A1, ABC 5th Ed., Western Union.

AGENCIES:

CRINKIANG: Messrs Gearing &
Co.MANTLA: Messrs Macondray &
Co.SINGAPORE: Messrs Borneo Co.
Ltd.GLASGOW: Messrs A. R. BROWN,
McFarlane & Co., Ltd.

For particulars, apply to

K. KATO,
Manager,No. 2, PRINCE STREET,
HONGKONG.

RACE BOOKS 1915.

Leather-Covered ... \$2.00

Cloth-Covered ... 1.75

Paper-Covered ... 1.00

May be had from NORONHA & Co.
(Printers to the HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.)KELLY & WALSH, LTD.,
BREWERS & Co.,
Hongkong, Feb. 9, 1915.HONGKONG HORTICULTURAL
SOCIETY.

ANNUAL SHOW.

THE FLOWER and VEGETABLE
SHOW will be held on the 4th and
5th March in the Botanical Gardens.
Intending Exhibitors should send their
entry forms to the Hon. Secretary not
later than 25th February. Copies of Rules
and Schedules may be obtained from the
Hon. Secretary.F. HOWELL,
10 Des Voeux Road, Central,
Hongkong, Feb. 9, 1915.

NOTICE.

THE EAST INDIA SEA & FIRE
INSURANCE CO.WE HAVE taken over the AGENCY
of the above Company in Hongkong
and are now prepared to grant FIRE and
MARINE policies of Insurance at Current
Rates.THE CHINA COMMERCIAL CO.,
3, Duddell Street,
Hongkong, January 15, 1915.

NOTICE.

L'UNION FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY LTD. OF PARIS.WE HAVE taken over the Agency
of the above Company formerly held
by Messrs. BARNES & Co. and are
prepared to ACCEPT RISKS from this
date.CREDIT FONCIER
D'EXTREM-Orient,
Princes Buildings,
Hongkong, January 21, 1915.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

FISH

We have received a New Shipment
ofSELECTED
PINKON HADDOCKS.FILLET HADDOCKS
AND
KIPPERS.

80

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION NO. 1

THERAPION NO. 2

THERAPION NO. 3

THERAPION

THERAPION

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As Welcome as the Mail

With their uniform of flavour, delicious
fragrance and unchangeable purity, Aide-de-Camp
Cigarettes are a source of unrivalled pleasure and
satisfaction.Aide-de-Camp
Virginia CigarettesSkillfully blended by experts from the choicest
Virginia leaf and packed in airtight tins.

PRICE: 75 Cents a Tin of 50 Cigarettes.

In Return for 10 empty "Aide-de-Camp" tins we give one beautiful
Calendar for 1915.WESTMINSTER TOBACCO CO., LTD.
18 BANK BUILDING,
HONGKONG.EARL KITCHENER ON
THE WAR'S PROGRESS.DAILY INCREASE IN THE ALLIES'
RESOURCES.

Household Recruiting.

Earl Kitchener made a statement in
the House of Lords yesterday (Jan. 5)
regarding the events in the war since
he last addressed the House, and the
present position of affairs. Some of the
principal points mentioned by his lord-
ship were the following:During December the Allied Forces
have made progress at various points.The French Army has made note-
worthy progress east of Rheims and
in Southern Alsace.The British line has been entirely
maintained.Our forces have been increased by
a number of Territorial units and by
another division, attached to which is
a fine Canadian regiment.German aspirations in Poland have
suffered a severe check.The Russians have forced back the
Austrian right wing once more to the
Carpathian passes.One of the brightest spots has been
the extraordinary achievement of the
gallant Serbian Army.Russia's victory in the Caucasus
should have far-reaching influence
upon all the Turkish operations in the
Near East.The much-talked-of advance against
Egypt has up to the present failed to
materialise.In Mesopotamia our Indian Expe-
ditionary Force has consolidated the
positions taken at Kurna.While the initial advantages the
Germans possessed are diminishing,
the Allies are daily increasing those
resources of men and material that
will enable them to prosecute the war
to a triumphant end.As a result of the distribution of
recruiting forms to householders,
218,000 names of persons willing to
serve in the Army have been re-
gistered.Since the war began 29,100 officers
have been appointed.

WAR SECRETARY'S SPEECH.

Earl Kitchener said: When I last
addressed your lordships, six weeks ago,
General Joffre had just sent up strong
reinforcements to our fighting line, thus
enabling Field-Marshal Sir John French
to shorten the line of front he held, and
to give some relief to his hard-pressed
troops who had been so continuously
working in the trenches. The Germans
having failed in their attempt to pene-
trate our line, their staff in the last
week of November was busily engaged
in transferring from the Western theatre
of war several divisions, which were
required to meet the critical situation
about Lodz in Poland, which I then
described to your lordships. This move-
ment of troops from West to East was
continued through the first week of De-
cember, but the enemy in the Western
theatre was left in sufficient strength
to hold the elaborate system of parallel
lines of entrenchments, and with the
support of an effective, though reduced
artillery, to contain the Allied troops.

END AND FLOW.

During the month of December, the
Allied Forces have made progress at
various points. Very gallant efforts have
been made to take the enemy's trenches,
and to recapture trenches temporarily
lost. The tide of battle has ebbed and
flowed with varying success to either
side. The French Army, in spite of the
very unfavourable weather, has made
noteworthy progress. Hosts of
troops and in Southern Alsace. The
operations have for some time, however,resolved themselves into a phase of
siege warfare, and every up-to-date in-
vention for throwing bombs and grenades
into the trenches has been constantly
used. Our troops have been subjected
to the hardships inseparable from a
winter campaign, but, by a system of
reliefs, the severe strain which the
men have undergone in the trenches has
been minimised. Our soldiers, needless
to say, have exhibited a constant cheer-
fulness and resource which redounds to
their credit.

BRITISH LINE MAINTAINED.

Although, as I said, there has been
a continuous series of trench operations,
the only important engagement between
the British Forces and the Germans was
on Dec. 20, when the trenches held by
the Indian troops were violently attacked
at Givenchy. The Indians were, to a
certain extent, surprised by the enemy,
and some of their trenches were cap-
tured, only to be retaken the following
day with considerable loss to the enemy
by the First Army Corps, which had
been in reserve. The line thus re-
assumed has since been entirely main-
tained, and the Indian units have en-
joyed a period of relief from the trench-
es.Sir John French's force has been in-
creased by a number of Territorial units
and by another division, attached to
which is a fine Canadian regiment.

HEAVY GERMAN CASUALTIES.

In the Eastern theatre at the end of
November, the German army, reinforced
by troops transferred from the Western
theatre, were able to extricate them-
selves, at great cost of life, from the
critical situation in which they then
were about Lodz. Assuming the offen-
sive on the left bank of the Vistula,
they succeeded in advancing by the mid-
dle of December to the line of the Rivers
Bzura and Rawka, some thirty miles
west of Warsaw. Despite repeated severe
attacks, our gallant Russian comrades
have for more than a fortnight frustrated
violent German efforts to advance any
nearer to Warsaw. German aspirations
in Poland have thus suffered a severe
check, and it is evident that the Ger-
mans now realise the infinite difficulty
of winter operations in Russia, and are
especially hampered by their faulty line
of communication. Their casualties,
moreover, have been very numerous.

60,000 AUSTRIAN PRISONERS.

In East Prussia the situation has un-
dergone but little change since the Rus-
sians succeeded at the end of November
in driving the German army from its pre-
pared positions within the German fron-
tier. On the right bank of the Vistula,
in the Mlava region, the German ad-
vance has also been arrested. In the
first half of December the invading
force was met by bold Russian tactics,
which compelled the Germans to retire
behind the German frontier, and though
Mlava itself is once more temporarily
in German hands the right bank of the
Vistula may be considered clear of the
enemy, whose attempts to cross that
river from south to north have been
successfully repulsed.In Galicia at the end of November
Cracow was being bombarded, and theThe much-talked-of advance of the
Turkish forces against Egypt has up to
the present failed to materialise. Cer-
tain bodies of Turkish troops under Ger-
man officers have been observed by our
sentries to be attempting to penetrate
the country east of the Suez Canal, but
no large force has yet appeared, and
there has been scarcely any contact with
our troops guarding the Canal.In East Africa our military forces
are co-operating with the Royal Navy
in carrying out certain operations against
the enemy. An attack on the German
within German territory. Topographical
difficulties, the want of water, and heavy
bush form temporary obstacles to the
further advance of the force, and we
are keeping in that field of operations.

CONFIDENCE IN GENERAL BOTHA.

Since I last spoke in this House the
situation in South Africa has undergone
a most welcome change. The sinister
threat of a widespread rebellion, so
cunningly planned and fostered by our
enemies, has disappeared before the
loyal and prompt action of General
Botha and his Ministry. General Botha
handled the military situation in a
masterly manner, which calls for un-
qualified praise, and in a very short time
stamped out the rebellion. It is not an
exaggeration to apply such a term to
the misquid action of a section
of the population. This result gives
us great confidence in the future success
of any operations the General may under-
take.

(Continued on page 3.)

The Man Who
Gets ThereIs the man who has blood—
real rich red blood and
plenty of it—in his body.WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUNDmakes blood—lots of it—life-
giving, brain-nourishing,
strength-replenishing blood.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

PHONE \$1.25 and \$2.25

DON'T Forget after the Show, Supper,
and Light Refreshments.

ALEXANDRA CAFE

Open Till Midnight.

ENTERTAINMENT.

THEATRE ROYAL

LAST 3 PERFORMANCES OF
THE GROTESQUES

THE LAUGHTER MAKERS. FROM THE NAVY THEATRE, LONDON.

Wednesday, February 10th.

"A VILLAGE CONCERT"

Thursday, February 11th.

"THE MAYOR'S MATINEE."

Friday, February 12th.

LAST AND FAREWELL PERFORMANCE.

SPECIAL POPULAR PROGRAMME.

The "Grotesques" will be at Canton on Monday, 8th February and Tuesday, 9th
February, and will return to Hongkong, playing their last three performances at the
Theatre Royal on Wednesday 10th, Thursday 11th and Friday 12th February, when
three special popular programmes will be given.

PRICES: \$3.00, \$2.00 & \$1.00.

Curtain at 9.15 p.m. Booking at MOUTRIE'S.

Hongkong, February 8, 1915.

THEATRE ROYAL.

Messrs GONSALEZ BROS

PRESENT

THE
ITALIAN GRAND
OPERA COY.

DIRECT FROM MILAN.

OPENING NIGHT

15th February, 1915.

FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY.

Monday, 15th February.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT

"IL TROVATORE"

(English. The Troubadour.)

OPERA IN FOUR ACTS

Tuesday, 16th February.

"LA TRAVIATA"

OPERA IN THREE ACTS

Founded on Dumas' "Lady of the
Camelias" but the Period is Changed to
the time of Louis XIV.

Score by GIUSEPPE VERDI

Wednesday, 17th February.

SPECIAL DOUBLE BILL

"Cavalleria Rusticana"

OPERA IN ONE ACT

To be followed by

"FAGLIACCI"

OPERA IN TWO ACTS

Music by LEON CAVALLO.

Thursday, 18th February.

VERDIS

"RIGOLETTO"

OPERA IN THREE ACTS

Friday, 19th February.

GOUNOD'S

"FAUST"

Saturday, 20th February.

SPECIAL ATTRACTION. BIZET'S

"CARMEN"

PRICES: \$3.00 \$2.00 & \$1.00

BOOKING at Moutrie's.

Business Manager A. CARPI.

Advance Representative G. LESLIE.

Hongkong, Feb. 4, 1915.

CONCERT

in aid of

Lady Lugard's Belgian

Refugees Fund

By the Pupils of the

MUSIC CLASS OF THE

ITALIAN CONVENT

to be held at

The Convent, Cable Road,

on

MONDAY and TUESDAY,

15th and 16th February, 1915,

commencing each evening, at 6 p.m.

Admission (by ticket): 81.

Children's Afternoon:

Saturday, 13th February, 1915,

commencing 4 p.m.

Entrance: 20 cents.

Hongkong, Feb. 5, 1915.

WANTED.

WIRELESS OPERATOR for a Sea

Voyage.

Apply

SHIPPING.

Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.

Hongkong, Jan. 25, 1915.

60

MARTIN'S

APOL STEEL

PILLS

PILLS

PILLS

PILLS

PILLS

PILLS

PILLS

PILLS



Hughes and Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT
AND ADMIRALTY.

General Auctioneers
AND
Share, Coal and
General Brokers.

PROPRIETORS
"TO-KWA-WAN"
COAL STORAGE.

Codes used
A.B.C. 4th & 5th EDITIONS.
All TELEGRAPHIC CODES.
Telegraphic Address
MERION HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

on
SATURDAY,
the 13th February, 1915, at 11 a.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE JEWELLERY, &c., &c.

Comprising:—
Several Gold Watches by well-known
English Makers, Chains, Lockets, &c.,
Gold Brooches, Pins and Rings Set with
Diamonds and other Valuable Stones, Gold
Bangles, Cigarette Holders, Cigar Cases,
&c., &c., &c.
On view day of sale.

TERMS:—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Feb. 8, 1915. 121

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

on
SATURDAY,
the 13th February, 1915, at 11 a.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

SEVERAL CASES OF
WINES, SPIRITS, &c., &c.

As follows:—
Champagne, Claret, Hock,
Sherry, Port, Cider,
Gin, Whisky, &c., &c.

TERMS:—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Feb. 8, 1915. 120

PUBLIC AUCTION.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PRINCE
OF WALES NATIONAL RELIEF
FUND, and other CHARITABLE
PURPOSES.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

on
THURSDAY,
the 18th February, 1915, at 3 p.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A 40 H.P. FOUR CYLINDER
LIMOUSINE CAR,

built by STODDARD DARTON,
Seating accommodation for Six Passengers,
in Perfect Running Order.

On view at the Garage of the Dragon
Cycle Co.

Inspecting Orders will be issued by the
Undersigned.

TERMS:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Feb. 5, 1915. 108

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

on
MONDAY and TUESDAY,
the 1st and 2nd March, 1915,
commencing each day at 2.30 p.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A VERY VALUABLE COLLECTION OF
PORCELAINS, BRONZES, BRASSES,
IVORIES,

&c., &c., &c.
Including a large Collection of Snuff
Bottles, a fine Collection of Pekinese
Cloisonne and Enamelles, Chinese Engraving
and Pictures, etc., etc., &c.

Several pieces of Ming Bronze taken
from Peking during the Boxer Rebellion.
Full Particulars will be published later.

TERMS:—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Feb. 2, 1915. 80

"The whisky with the
small label and the
big reputation" is

**JOHNNIE
WALKER**



Guaranteed same Quality
throughout the World
JOHNNIE WALKER "White" Label.
Over 6 years old.
JOHNNIE WALKER "Red" Label.
Over 10 years old.
JOHNNIE WALKER "Black" Label.
Over 12 years old.

To safeguard these ages our policy
for the future is the policy of the
past. First and foremost to see
that the margin of stocks over-sales
is always large enough to maintain
our unique quality.

Obtainable from:—
KAMP & CO. SHANGHAI
FERRIS COOPER & CO. TIENTSIN.
THE HANKOW DISPENSARY LTD.
HANKOW.
SIEMSEN & CO. CANTON AND HONG KONG.
JOHN WALKER & SONS LTD.
Scotch Whisky Distillers, GLASGOW, SCOTLAND.

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

on
FRIDAY,

the 12th February, 1915, commencing
at 8.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND
SUNDRY BLACKWOOD
FURNITURE, &c., &c.

As follows:—
TEAKWOOD.—Drawing Room Suites,
Bedroom Suites, Dining Room Furniture,
Arm-chairs and Sofas, Carpets and Rugs,
Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Toilet
Tables, Wardrobes, Washstands, &c.,
Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Extension
Dining Tables and Chairs, etc., etc.,
Dinner and Dessert Services, Crockery,
Glass and E.P. Ware, Cooking Stoves,
Cutlery, etc., etc.

Also
An assortment of Blackwood Furniture,
Marble Clock, 2 American Combination
Sides, &c., &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
TERMS:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Feb. 6, 1915. 118

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

on
THURSDAY,
the 18th February, 1915, at 3 p.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A 40 H.P. FOUR CYLINDER
LIMOUSINE CAR,

built by STODDARD DARTON,
Seating accommodation for Six Passengers,
in Perfect Running Order.

On view at the Garage of the Dragon
Cycle Co.

Inspecting Orders will be issued by the
Undersigned.

TERMS:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Feb. 5, 1915. 108

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

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on
MONDAY and TUESDAY,
the 1st and 2nd March, 1915,
commencing each day at 2.30 p.m.,

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Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A VERY VALUABLE COLLECTION OF
PORCELAINS, BRONZES, BRASSES,
IVORIES,

&c., &c., &c.
Including a large Collection of Snuff
Bottles, a fine Collection of Pekinese
Cloisonne and Enamelles, Chinese Engraving
and Pictures, etc., etc., &c.

Several pieces of Ming Bronze taken
from Peking during the Boxer Rebellion.
Full Particulars will be published later.

TERMS:—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Feb. 2, 1915. 80

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Including a large Collection of Snuff
Bottles, a fine Collection of Pekinese
Cloisonne and Enamelles, Chinese Engraving
and Pictures, etc., etc., &c.

EARL KITCHENER ON THE WAR'S PROGRESS.

(Continued from page 5.)

EAST COAST BOMBARDMENT.
On our own coasts, on the morning of Dec. 16, German battle cruisers bombarded for half an hour Hartlepool, Scarborough, and Whitby. At Hartlepool a battery replied with some effect, though it was outclassed by the heavy guns of the cruisers. No military advantage was gained, or could possibly have been gained, by the wanton attacks on undefended seaside resorts, which had as their chief result fatal accidents to a certain number of civilians, among whom women and children figured pathetically. The people in the three towns bore themselves in this trying experience with perfect courage and coolness, and not the least trace of panic could be observed.

RECRUITING RETURNS.
These, my lords, are the principal events which have taken place since I last had the honour of addressing your lordships' House. The great initial advantages which the Germans enjoyed by reason of the numerical superiority and extensive war preparations of their army are certainly diminishing, while the Allies are daily increasing those resources of men and material that will enable them to prosecute the war to a triumphant end. Recruiting has proceeded on normal lines, and the anticipated decrease of numbers in Christmas week has given way to a rise which has almost restored the weekly return of recruits to the former satisfactory level.

The Parliamentary Recruiting Committee has completed the distribution of householders' forms to inhabitants of country towns and districts; and, before Christmas, began to distribute to the large towns and cities. Over 218,000 names of persons willing to serve have been registered, and there is every reason to anticipate fruitful results from the valuable work which has been done by and through this committee.

The Recruiting Department is also in close touch with the Territorial Force associations, municipal bodies, and Labour exchanges, and everything is being done to facilitate the enlistment of those presenting themselves.

It is worthy of remark that there is no better recruiting agent than the soldier himself; and, in many cases, a large portion of a man's leave has been spent by him in encouraging the youths in his home district to enter the service of his country.

EQUIPPING THE NEW ARMIES.
In the earlier stages of the war, considerable difficulties were experienced, and anxiety felt, owing to the dearth of officers, but I am glad to say we have now been able to fill up the officers' cadres of the Expeditionary Force, and a considerable surplus of training officers is available to draw upon.

It is not unwise in this respect to recall to mind the thought which I made in your lordships' House, and to point to the fact that, since the war began, no fewer than 20,000 officers have been appointed to the Army.

Close and vigilant attention on the part of the War Office staff has served to cope with, and gradually to overcome, the difficulties of securing supplies and equipment for these new forces to whose future activities we look forward with all confidence.

The training of the Canadian contingent and the new armies has been carried on lately under the worst weather conditions; but, in spite of this, a great deal of extremely good work has been done during the past month. The discipline and hardships due to storm and wet mud have been cheerfully met, and both officers and men are improving themselves as thoroughly and rapidly as possible to take their part in the field, where I am sure they will worthily support their comrades in arms.

Position at Tientsin was not successful, but we are now occupying a better position.

AERIAL WARFARE.

RECENT PROGRESS.

Changed Functions of Aircraft.

Sir John French is naturally reluctant of details concerning the new services which, he states, are being rendered by the Royal Flying Corps at the front, and it would be indiscreet to probe into the matter publicly, writes the Pall Mall Gazette's Aeronautical Correspondent. One may, however, refer to incidents in this connection that have already been described in official messages. Reconnaissance, artillery fire-direction, and bomb dropping may now be regarded as the regular functions of aeroplane; but very soon we shall have to add to these, with far-reaching effect, on the design of machines and the training of service aviators, such functions as flying at troops on land, fighting enemy aircraft in the air, disclosing by searchlight enemy positions, dart-dropping, and transport of scouts to do work behind the enemy's lines.

A German Prince is said to have escaped from a hot corner in the passenger seat of an aeroplane. Patrol work to guard headquarters from enemy aircraft is carried on regularly, and the King was never without an aerial guard during his recent visit to the front.

SPECIAL FIGHTING CRAFT.
The aeroplane is beginning to find itself as a war craft, and a high degree of specialisation in design is certain to follow. It is true that the machines at the front are performing their expected and their unexpected function surprisingly well, but better results will be attained by the specialisation that will now be possible with the new data won from experience.

For example, all the leading designers are striving might and main to produce a machine that will fly fast and at the same time carry a machine gun in the bows. Most of the aerial duels in which, as we know, the British aviators have secured heavily, have been fought on machines ill-suited for the purpose. Inevitably now will begin a period of international rivalry for the production of a real fighting aeroplane. The Germans, it is known, are at work on the same problem as ourselves.

The armoured vital parts of the machine is imperative in fighting craft of all kinds—armour as well as armour at the floor of the pilot's cabin; and this is necessary also for machines when firing at troops on the ground.

FLYING IN ALL WEATHERS.
High wind and rain no longer prevent flying, and the exigencies of war have found aviators willing even to fly in fog.

Thus a French General recently found himself in need of information which could only be furnished by means of aerial reconnaissance. The weather was exceedingly foggy, and the pilot whom the General summoned expressed the opinion that a successful flight under such conditions was impossible, but offered to undertake the dangerous mission.

He started off, and rose to a height at which he judged that the noise of his motor would be deadened to listeners on the other side of the fog blanket. Then, calculating his distance carefully, he made a sudden dive earthwards with such success that he emerged at a point whence he was able to make hasty but invaluable observations. He escaped back into the fog before the surprised Germans could shoot him down.

New projectiles to be used from and against aircraft are engaging the attention of experts, and already novel and ingenious inventions are in use. Aerial darts, already described in the Pall Mall Gazette, are doing considerable execution, and, it is reported, the death of a German officer, Major-General von Meyer, was due to one of these missiles; incendiary shells of various kinds—some small enough to be fired out of a rifle; and inflammatory arrows for dropping from aeroplanes on to airships are in use.

THE BACKWARD SEAPLANE.
In one important direction the seaplane—it appears that the war has so far seen no noticeable development. It is still impossible for seaplanes to co-operate with the Fleet save when close to our shores. Difficulties that remain to be surmounted are those of increased duration and certainty of flight, ability to alight by night or by day upon water agitated by waves, and to remain there for a reasonable period without being knocked to pieces. Progress in these directions is slow, but without it seaplanes must remain craft that, relatively to overland aeroplanes, are inefficient.

COUGHING INTO CONSUMPTION

"Only a Cough" but you stop
while it is ONLY a cough

**WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUND**

The finest preparation made
for combating severe coughs.
CURES every cough that is
coughy, very palatable.
Solely for medicinal purposes.
Solely for medicinal purposes.

Price: 2/6 and 5/6

TRAINING TIMES.

Wednesday, February 10.

OLD PONIES.

PONY.	Jockey	Wt.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	L
Perhaps (late May Be)															
Neptune															
Joe Mighty															
Sir Galahad	Knoll	1m 1	40.3	1.19	1.53.3	2.37.4								31.1	
Fijian Chief	boy	1m 1	38	1.13	1.47.1	2.18.2								31.1	
Saxon Chief															
Borneo Chief															
Radiah II															
Dreadnought Dabla	boy	11 0	38.2	1.10	1.49	2.25.1	2.54.3							39.5	
(late Britannie)	boy	11 0	35	1.18	1.50	2.24	2.53							31	
Sunstar Dabla (late Sunlight)															
Triumph Dabla	boy	11 0	34	1.08.2	1.44	2.18.3	2.49.3							31	
(late Forbearance)	boy	11 0	34.2	1.10	1.44	2.17	2.48							31	
Aldwych	Gegg	1m 1	33.2	1.08.3	1.40.3	2.12.4								31.2	
Macebore (late Victor a Jester)	boy	1m 1	33	1.07	1.40.2	2.12.4								31.2	
Freemant															
Annan															
Mr. Pitt															
Amphid	boys	1m 1	37	1.13.2	1.43.1	2.19								30.4	
Swanee															

DERBY GRIFFINS.

Gamerster	boy	1m 1	37.3	1.09	1.43	2.15								32	
Wild Cat															
Sir Cuidere															
English Chief															
Scottish Chief															
Irish Chief															
Australian Chief	boy	1m 1	34.3	1.11	1.45.1	2.15.4								30.3	
Standard Dabla	boy	11 0	33.2	1.07.2	1.43	2.16.2	2.51							34.3	
The Duke Dabla	boy	11 0	33	1.10.2	1.45	2.22	2.51.1	3.30						32.4	
Majestic Dabla	boy	11 11 1	37	1.11.2	1.43	2.22	2.51.1							32.1	
Perfection Dabla	boy	11 0	37.2	1.11.2	1.47	2.23	2.51.1	3.38						30.4	
Lechmanen															
Reckless	boys	1m 1 1 1	37.3	1.13.2	1.44.4									31.2	
Carstairs															
Heatrock	boy	1m 1	39.2	1.08.2	1.46.1	2.20								33.4	
Grayling															
Du Robin															

GRIFFINS.

Corporation															
Welsh Chief															
Canadian Chief	boy	11 0	33.2	1.07.2	1.43	2.16.2	2.49.1							32.4	
Liberty Dabla	boy	1m 1	39.2	1.08.2	1.46.1	2.21.2								35.1	
Wamphray															

AUCTION GRIFFINS.

New Zealand Chief	boy	1
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BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

MANY MINOR ENGAGEMENTS.

SOISSONS AND YPRES BOMB-ARDED.

A TAUBE BROUGHT DOWN.

THE BRITISH ARMY ESTIMATES.

THE DUMA OPENED WITH ENTHUSIASM.

London, Feb. 9.
A telegram from Petrograd states that the Duma was opened this afternoon with brilliant scenes.
The whole assembly rose and repeatedly cheered for the Tsar and sang the National Anthem.
The President delivered a patriotic speech and all references to the Allies were loudly cheered.
The representatives of the Allies received an ovation.

THE STRUGGLE IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM

London, Feb. 9, 1.05 a.m.
The Paris evening communiqué states:—
The enemy on Saturday night exploded mines at La Boisselle, in front of houses we were occupying. Two and a half companies assaulted our positions, but failed to pass the villages caused by the explosion.
One of our companies counter-attacked on Sunday afternoon and chased the enemy from the villages, which we immediately organised defensively.
The Germans left 200 dead on the ground.
We captured on Sunday night, north of Mesnilles-Hurles, a wood where the enemy had been solidly established.
An infantry action at Bagetelle, in Argonne, continued all Sunday night. The Germans succeeded in progressing, but only held it daybreak a few isolated parts of our advance line, round which the fight continued in the day-time.

MANY MINOR ENGAGEMENTS.

London, Feb. 9, 5.35 p.m.
A Paris communiqué states:—The Germans bombarded Ypres.
Belgian artillery destroyed a farm, from which Germans were fleeing.
We occupied a mill on the Bethune-La Bassée road, where the enemy had been installed.
Soissons has been bombarded by incendiary projectiles.
The struggle at Bagetelle developed at one of the thickest parts of the forest, and consequently was of a confused character.
The respective fronts, as a whole, have been maintained.
The forces engaged on Sunday did not exceed four battalions on each side and yesterday one.
Elsewhere there are artillery engagements.
A semi-official Note adds that between the Oise and the Aisne our artillery shelled a Taube, which landed at the German lines ablaze.

THE FIGHTING ON THE EASTERN FRONT.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE 3,360 PRISONERS AND 11 MITRAILLEUSES.

London, Feb. 9, 1.30 a.m.
A Petrograd communiqué says:—
On the right bank of the Vistula the fighting is becoming more desperate in the region of Serpukh.
On the left bank of the Vistula a cannonade continues, but the enemy is passive.
The great German attempt to break our front Borjomi-Volynsk-Lovska, begun January 31st, was checked on the 6th inst.
We continued to advance in the lower Bzura region and captured on Sunday a strong point Tappin near Kamion, taking 360 prisoners, the remnant of the garrison. A German counter-attack was repulsed.
Our offensive continues in the Carpathians. We carried several strong positions on the front Mesolaborcz-Lutovska, capturing during the day 3,360 prisoners and 11 mitralleuses.

TURKS IN FULL RETREAT FROM SUEZ CANAL.

London, Feb. 9
The Press Bureau issues a telegram from Cairo announcing that the Turks are in full retreat.

THE BRITISH ARMY.

NO CAUSE FOR DISCONTENT OR DISQUIET.

London, Feb. 8
Mr. H. J. Tennant, Under-Secretary for War, in introducing the Army Estimates in the House of Commons, said he was debarrassed from dwelling on the size and distribution of our forces, as there was nothing the enemy desired to know more than the size of the army in the future. He emphasized, however, that recruiting was satisfactory. There was no cause for discontent, still less for disquiet; although we wanted more men. This was a life and death struggle. Mr. Tennant mentioned that Lord Kitchener was considering the question of a medal for technical workers in armament firms, etc., who served their country so faithfully and well.
Mr. Tennant added that troops had been brought from India, Australia, South Africa, and Canada without a single casualty. When the numbers were known it would be thought an extraordinary feat. He paid a tribute to the Admiralty securing the provisioning of the army abroad, also the work of the Army Service Corps.
The British aeroplane design, he mentioned, had proved superior to all others. The engines were French. The French in this matter had given great assistance. Soon the first all-British aeroplane would be used at the front.
The hon. gentlemen warmly complimented the Territorials on their valour and efficiency, and also paid a high compliment to the Army Medical Corps. Entering, he said, was rare, and evidence was accumulating that inoculation ought to be compulsory. (General cheers.)
The speaker made no forecast as to the duration of the war, but he said that not a single member of the House of Commons was despondent. (Cheers.) All were determined that the Allies should dictate the terms of peace. (Cheers.) The nation's efforts were worthy of her past exploits, and the bravery of the Army was worthy to rank with the most glorious records of any army of any time. (Renewed Cheers.)

CANADA'S LOYALTY TO THE MOTHERLAND.

London, Feb. 9.
A message from Ottawa states that in the course of the debate on the Address, and in reply to his speech, the Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he could imagine no alteration in the relations of the Dominion to the Motherland which was likely to produce the same patriotism and efficiency as was evinced in the voluntary and spontaneous action of the Dominion all over the world in this war.
The Right Hon. R. L. Borden, the Premier, said that he was much of the same opinion. There had been an addition of 30,000 troops from overseas, including 1,000 from Bermuda, and 10,000 were ready to proceed to the front. 50,000 more had enlisted and would go when they were needed. Canada's further activity, he said, was only limited by its requirements.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE SOMALILAND DERIVISHES.

Raids On Friendly Tribes Checked.

London, Feb. 8.
The Commissioner of Somaliland has telegraphed to Mr. Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies, that after the November operations the Derivishes returned to Shimbir Berris and began to repair their forts and to raid the friendly tribes. Accordingly, Indian contingents and the Camel Corps stably attacked the place on Wednesday and Thursday. The lower forts were destroyed, and the Derivishes evacuated the district. All the forts were destroyed with gun-cotton, and the Derivishes evacuated the district. Captain Lowry Corry and seven whites were wounded, and a sepoy was killed.

COLONEL SEELY.

London, Feb. 9.
Colonel Seely (formerly Secretary of State for War) has been made a Brigadier-General.

SANITARY BOARD AFFAIRS.

THE PLAGUE PROBLEM.

Expert Opinion of the Clayton Apparatus.

The effectiveness of the Clayton apparatus for plague epidemics was discussed by the Sanitary Board at their usual fortnightly meeting yesterday afternoon. Those present: The President, Mr. G. N. Orme, the Vice-President, Hon. Mr. W. Chatham, C.M.G. (Director of Public Works), Hon. Mr. S. B. C. Ross, Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewett, C.M.G., Mr. P. W. Goldring, Mr. Chan Kai Ming, Dr. Francis Clark (Medical Officer of Health), and Mr. W. Brownlow (Secretary to the Board).
The Government intimated in lengthy correspondence that as at present advised they proposed to act on the advice of Dr. Clark with regard to the effectiveness of the Clayton disinfecting apparatus in dealing with plague epidemics in Hongkong.

Dr. Clark attached the following note at the end of the correspondence:—
The only report that seems to apply to conditions similar to those obtaining in Hongkong is that from Colonel W. G. King, the distinguished sanitary expert, and he comes to the conclusion that for houses the Clayton apparatus is not efficient in respect to costs. His experience has all been gained in India, and I am content to follow his advice and rely on our present methods of procedure.

The extracts from the letter of Colonel King were:—

- (1)—I have myself employed a very large (Clayton) machine (I think the 11 type for dwellings). All that is necessary is to see that all cracks of windows, etc., are pasted down. Round the dwellings should be placed either wire mesh, with watches and sticks to kill possible escaping rats in the space enclosed; or corrugated iron might be used.
- (2)—My honest opinion of the matter is that whilst the arrangement is the best for ships, for dwellings and drains or rat burrows the apparatus is not efficient in respect to costs. I have no knowledge of the small hand-driven type recently imported into Ceylon, but from observation of the machine-worked type acting on burrows I would be sceptical in absence of proof.

The correspondence was laid upon the table.

THE FLESHING SCHEME.

The discussion was resumed on the report of the select committee appointed to consider the question of the water carriage system.
Dr. Fitzwilliams intimated:—I cannot agree with No. 1 of the Committee's proposals. With regard to No. 3, I am of opinion that it would not be difficult or even very expensive to abolish all openings of sewers into the Harbour in the Central District by means of a long culvert, with openings opposite Green Island on the one side, and at some point East on the other. The Select Committee have considered the existing arrangements, but I hold that a water carriage system in Hongkong does not exist.

The President, in moving that the Board should adopt the proposals of the Select Committee, said that he was no expert on the subject, like the Hon. Vice-President, and he could only, perhaps, voice the opinion of the lay mind when he said it seemed that the question before them was rather beyond the limits of any immediate decision in favour of a water carriage system such as was contemplated by Dr. Fitzwilliams. He much regretted that he was not present to support his proposal, on which, he knew, Dr. Fitzwilliams felt very strongly. As the matter at present stood, what the Board had to consider was whether the nuisance or discomfort caused by the present system was such as to make it incumbent upon them to plunge into a very large expenditure in order to adopt

A FORTY YEARS' TEST.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Cough Remedy has been curing coughs and colds for the past forty years and has gained in popularity every year. What better recommendation is required? For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

GERMANY'S EVOLUTION.

LECTURE BY COMMANDER SUSMANN.

The second of a series of three lectures on "The Evolution of Germany" by Commander Susmann, R.N., was delivered at the R. A. Theatre last evening. The attendance included Major-General Kelly, Commodore Austruther, R.N., and numerous naval and military officers.
The lecturer opened the lecture at a point where Germany benefited by the French Revolution. At that period, he said, Prussia alone was a real German power, in spite of some admixture of Polish influence on the Eastern frontier. Prussia had, moreover, proved herself a capable champion of German rights. There were no signs of any potentially for such championship in any of the other States. Hanover was neglected by her English Kings. Saxony had exhausted herself in Polish intrigues, and Bavaria, Wurtemberg, Baden, and Hesse were in a state of dull quiescence. This state was indeed typical of the general political condition of the German people at this time, but glimmerings of discontent had begun to show themselves, ready to burst into flame. They must regard the German people at this time, previously, and indeed, in different fashion, but to some extent, still, as mere sheep, obeying the orders of the rulers.

The lecturer then dealt with the great influence of Voltaire and Rousseau, the former of whom overthrew the fabric of existing superstition, and the latter who preached discontent and proclaimed that man had a mind and a personality to be developed. The change from quiescence came with Lessing. Then came Goethe and Schiller, appealing for a more general culture and, afterward, the great minds of Kant and Goethe, who were the real creators of modern Germany. Kant pulled down with criticism, but he nevertheless built up and endowed man with an exalted sense of his own destiny. In this commencement of the emancipation of the mind, and the glory of it, man was no longer to be a mere slave, a sheep to the slaughter, one of a herd—he was to have personality, he was to command the forces of nature to his liking. In this commencement of the emancipation of the mind, and the glory of it, man was no longer to be a mere slave, a sheep to the slaughter, one of a herd—he was to have personality, he was to command the forces of nature to his liking.

This said the lecturer, was the time of high ideals and high influence had never died away, though the ideals had been sadly changed—perverted he would say—by a strong reaction following on a great national disappointment, and by the materialism of a more practical and materialistic creed.

Proceeding from the terrible blow dealt the Germans at Jena and Austerlitz, when Prussia lay prostrate, and was reduced by the Treaty of Tilsit to little more than the Mark of Brandenburg, he traced the period of her Renaissance, when more materialistic ideals were entertained.

"It must seem to us," he said "that the realization of the value of material force has been carried to far—that the nobler ideal has been lost, and that the practical system of Schopenhauer and Nietzsche has only provided the weapon of that spirit of materialism which is now currying the world."

The concluding lecture will deal with the German Revolution.

but that would mean a very great expenditure by the Government. The present system was the best suited to the requirements of Hongkong and the need of the population. The Hon. Vice-President did not refer to the possible expense of Dr. Fitzwilliams' proposed scheme. Possibly he would not be prepared to commit himself but the cost of such scheme would be so abnormally expensive that the Government would absolutely refuse to entertain such a proposal.

Dr. Clark said the reason why this Committee was appointed was because certain members of the Board were becoming alarmed on account of the applications becoming so numerous, and it was thought time for the Board to consider whether they should in future refuse all applications without exception, or consider each application on its merits. The Committee decided that the Board ought to follow their past custom, deciding each case on its merits, but also agreed to put further restrictions in the way of the applications.

The restriction was the laying of an annual fee, and the other, and very important restriction, was that the Board should have the right to withdraw permission if the premises were found in an unsatisfactory condition. His personally was in favour of the report.

The Vice-President moved as an amendment that the clause relating to the annual fee be deleted.

The amendment was put, and lost and the President's resolution was carried by vote.

ATTACHED.
Letters to the election of Dr. G. H. Fitzwilliams and Mr. P. W. Goldring as members of the Sanitary Board, and approving of the election of a water closet at the Jockey Club, were read from the Government.

CAPTURING TSINGTAO.

OFFICER'S VIVID STORY.

CARDIFF, Jan. 5.
An officer of the South Wales Borderers (2nd Battalion) who assisted the Japanese in the reduction of Tsingtao, sends a vivid story to his mother of the scenes at and after the fall of the fortress (says the "Daily Telegraph" of January 5th). He writes:—

"I have just come back from a tour of inspection of the battleground again, having taken the men of my platoon to see No. 2 Redoubt and other places of interest to them. During the night of the 14th the Japanese engineers managed to sap right up to the redoubts, cut the wire entanglements, and then rushed the right and left flank, whilst we held the centre and came through. The Japanese artillery simply poured shell in front, and, as a matter of fact, the advance was so fast at dawn that no doubt heaps of Japanese were killed by their own guns."

"The German guns poured shell, too, but their infantry were so hard chased that the advance went right through, and by eight o'clock the forts a mile in the rear had been mounted and the German flag waved out. Apparently the Governor's A.D.C., who came out during the advance, about seven o'clock in the morning, along the road with a white flag, was killed by a shell. However, that was bad luck, and could not be helped. I expect some day you will hear a huge story about the German white flag being fired on by the Japanese."

"The scene on the battle-ground immediately afterwards was perfectly amazing. It might have been a picture of a battlefield on the cinematograph. The Japanese lost very heavily, as was only to be expected on a big task with dozens of machine guns, rifles, and shells bursting about. The company in front of No. 2 Redoubt had eighty-seven feet out of 250 men. The total casualties on the last night I should think amounted to about 1,500 to 2,000, and the Germans lost about 1,500 during the whole siege. We lost seventy-one out of the battalion, which is not heavy, considering that we have been under continuous shell fire for four weeks. Two officers only were wounded, and those very slightly, with three other officers of the Sikh Regiment."

8,000 GERMAN PRISONERS.

Peter, one of the officers in the little show on Nov. 5, had a wonderful escape. A bullet went through his great coat, tunic, shirt, and vest, and just grazed his back. A few nights before that three officers were talking casually near one of the trenches, when a shell pitched about 30 ft. in front of them.

But, as luck would have it, it did not explode, but simply went thru the soil round.

There is no doubt that, on the whole, we have been extraordinarily lucky. Eight thousand German prisoners have been taken, and will be sent over to Japan to-morrow and the next day.

I must say they are being treated far too well. They are kept within certain bounds, of course, and disarmed; but they are allowed to roam about, apparently, without any escort. We have shifted into one of their barracks, and I must say we treated them very well. As soon as we got in we had all their kit and personal property, etc., collected and put under a guard, and later they came back and took their kit away. I don't think they would have dreamt of doing that for us had we been in their position. They loathe our presence. However, it doesn't worry us in the least."

Chemists and Storekeepers.

Gilmour Thompson's



Price Per Case 1 dozen Quarts Duty Paid... \$21.00

SOLE AGENTS.

GANDE, PRICE & Co., Ltd.

3, Queen's Road Central,

Hongkong.

Tel. No. 135

SPORTING.

ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB.

The 10th Club Championship Race for the Handicap and One Design Class were sailed off on Saturday.

HANDICAP CLASS.
Course: North Fairway Bay (S).
Treasurer Rock (S), Channel Rock (S).
Distance 11 miles.

Name	Course	Time	Time
Quincy	Scratch	4:40.40	4:40.40
La Linda	3.50	4:43.50	4:40.00
Reliance	3.50	4:47.22	4:43.32
Kathleen	7.40	4:54.27	4:46.47
Collins	7.40	4:56.30	4:41.40
Donohue	18.25	4:53.11	4:39.49
Ayala	18.25	D.N.S.	

Name	Course	Time	Time
Quincy	Scratch	4:40.40	4:40.40
La Linda	3.50	4:43.50	4:40.00
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Reliance	3.50	4:47.22	4:43.32
Kathleen	7.40	4:54.27	4:46.47
Collins	7.40	4:56.30	4:41.40
Donohue	18.25	4:53.11	4:39.49
Ayala	18.25	D.N.S.	

ONE DESIGN CLASS.
Course: Trocens Rock (P), North Fairway Bay (P). Distance 8.4 miles.

Name	Course	Time	Time
Quincy	Scratch	4:40.40	4:40.40
La Linda	3.50	4:43.50	4:40.00
Reliance	3.50	4:47.22	4:43.32
Kathleen	7.40	4:54.27	4:46.47
Collins	7.40	4:56.30	4:41.40
Donohue	18.25	4:53.11	4:39.49
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Donohue	18.25	4:53.11	4:39.49
Ayala	18.25	D.N.S.	

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Orders by Major D. Macdonald.

JOINED.
Pte. K. S. Morrison joined the Corps on the 10th instant and was posted to Section Company.

WEEKLY REPORTS.
O. C.'s are reminded that the weekly state is required at the orderly room not later than 5 p.m. tomorrow.

PARADE.

Parade for Thursday, 11th instant.

5.00 p.m. Muckety instruction on Kennedy Road Range for the following: Retirees—Scouts Company Ptes. R. N. Anderson, C. B. Johnson, A. H. Crow, G. R. Haywood, F. H. Baker, F. A. Parry, M. M. Mann, D. C. Chessman, C. E. Soper and K. S. Morrison.

Service rifles to be carried. Corp. Grimes, R. E. will attend.

All units except Engineer Company parade on Cricket Ground and leave by special train at 5.15 p.m. for the Polo Ground, Causeway Bay, for Battalion Drill.

Members living in the Eastern district may fall in at the Polo Ground at 5.25 p.m.

As many members of Belcher Section as possible and any exempted men who can attend are asked to be present. Officers will carry swords.

DETAILS.

Orderly Officer Lieut. Kennett.

Orderly Sergeant Sergt. Cooper.

To furnish Guard to-night Civil Service Co.

To furnish Guard to-morrow Right Section H.G. Co.

HONGKONG TIDES.

The tide-table given below has been compiled at the National Almanac Office in London from the result of the analysis of observations taken by means of an automatic tide-recording machine in the Water Police Basin at Tsim Sha Tsui during the years 1887-89.

The zero of the table corresponds with the zero of the sounding in the Admiralty Chart, which has been found to be 2 feet 2 inches below mean sea level.

To obtain the depth of water on the tide gauge at the Victoria Naval Yard add 3 feet 4 inches, and on the gauge at Lamont Dock, Aberdeen, add 10 feet 6 inches to the height given in the table.

February 11th to 17th, 1915.

Low Water

High Water

Low Water

High Water

Low Water

High Water

Low Water

High Water

Low Water

High Water

Low Water

High Water

Low Water

High Water

Low Water

High Water

Low Water

High Water

Low Water

High Water

Low Water

High Water

To-day's Advertisements

NOTICE.

THE Office of the CHINESE MARITIME CUSTOMS for Kowloon and District will be CLOSED to Public Business on FRIDAY, the 12th current, and on MONDAY, the 15th current.

R. GORDON LOWDER,
Commissioner of Chinese Customs.

York Buildings,
Hongkong, February 10, 1915. 129

TO LET.

NICELY FURNISHED First Floor Corner Flat in Nathan Road, Kowloon. Cheap. Immediate possession. Three minutes from Ferry.

Apply—
C/o 'CHINA MAIL' Office,
Hongkong, Feb. 10, 1915. 130

RACE BOOKS

OWNER'S NAME

AND

DATE

PRINTED IN GOLD

ON THE COVER.

Price 1.00

CHINA MAIL OFFICE.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to Sell by Public Auction,

on

WEDNESDAY,

the 17th February, 1915, commencing at 2.30 p.m. at their Sales Rooms,

No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street.

SEVERAL Lots of

NEW TEAKWOOD FURNITURE, AND

SUNDRY BLACKWOOD

FURNITURE, &c.,

As follows:—

Upholstered Drawing Room and Bedroom

Suites, Bedroom Furniture, Dining Room

Furniture, Arm-chairs and Sofas, Carpets

and Rugs, Brass and Brass-mounted

Bedsteads, Toilet Tables, Wardrobes,

Washstands, &c., Sideboards, Dinner

Waggon, Extension Dining Tables and

Chairs, etc., etc., Dinner and Desert

Services, Crockery, Glass and E.P. Ware,

Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, etc., etc.,

Also

Blackwood Cabinets, 1 Large 4-fold

Blackwood Screen (Porcelain Panels), and

Blackwood Fire Screen, Stands, Tapestries,

Settees, etc., Two Pianos, Marble Clocks,

Two Combination Safes, Remington Typewriters,

Brass Fenders and Fire Brasses

(new), and a few lots of Table Linen,

&c., &c., &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Feb. 10, 1915. 131

PUBLIC AUCTION.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PRINCE

OF WALES FUND, THE BELGIAN

RELIEF FUND, TOBACCO AND

CIGARETTE FUNDS.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),

on

THURSDAY,

the 18th February, 1915, at 3 p.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Vaux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street,—

A 40 H.P. FOUR CYLINDER

LIMOUSINE CAR,

built by STODDARD DAYTON,

Seating accommodation for Six Passengers,

in Perfect Running Order.

On view at the Garage of the Dragon

Cycle Co.

Inspecting Orders will be issued by the

Undersigned.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Feb. 10, 1915. 108

PATELL & CO.

Exporters & Importers

General Merchants

and

Commission Agents,

HONGKONG, CANTON,

SHANGHAI AND

HANKOW.

TO LET.

TO LET.

A HOUSE in Knutsford Terrace.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-

MENT AND AGENCY CO., Ltd.

Hongkong, Dec. 3, 1914. 128

TO LET.

TWO LARGE UNFURNISHED

ROOMS, with Verandah, on the

Upper Level. Light and airy. Good view

of the Harbour.

Apply X.Y.Z.

c/o 'CHINA MAIL' Office.

Hongkong, Jan. 5, 1915. 8

TO LET.

168 The Peak. THE KENNELS.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-

MENT AND AGENCY CO., Ltd.

Hongkong, Oct. 8, 1914. 1074

TO LET.

No. 6, 'TORRES BUILDINGS'.

No. 2, 'ROSE TERRACE' (14 Nathan

Road) Kowloon.

Apply to—

SPANISH DOMINICAN

PROCURATION.

Hongkong, Feb. 3, 1915. 87

TO LET—FURNISHED.

BISHOP'S LODGE NORTH, No. 19,

the PEAK. From 1st May next.

For further particulars, apply to—

PALMER & TURNER,

Alexandra Buildings, 3rd Floor.

Hongkong, Jan. 30, 1915. 88

TO LET.

SMALL BUNGALOW, Barker Road,

Peak, suitable for one or two

Bachelors.

Apply—

'BUNGALOW'.

c/o 'CHINA MAIL' Office.

Hongkong, Nov. 5, 1914. 1150

TO LET.

UGUISLAND WEST, Peak Road,

recently renovated, furnished,

moderate rent.

Apply to

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND

MORTGAGE COMPANY LTD.

Hongkong, Nov. 13, 1914. 1122

QUEEN'S BUILDING.

TO LET the South West portion of the

1st Floor, including Treasury on

Ground Floor, lately in occupation of the

SHAN HANG.

GODOWN, No. 9 Ice House Street.

Apply to

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-

MENT AND AGENCY CO., Ltd.

Hongkong, Nov. 14, 1914.

TO LET.

HOUSES in CLIFTON GARDENS

Conduit Road.

1 HILLSIDE, 110, The Peak.

GODOWN'S New Prays, Kennedy Town.

GODOWN'S at Wandah.

25, WONGNEICHONG Road.

Apply,

HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT

AND AGENCY CO., Ltd.

Hongkong, Feb. 5, 1915. 840

TO LET.

FLATS in HUMPHREYS BUILD-

INGS and Nathan Road, Kowloon.

SIX ROOMED HOUSE in Mincow

Road, Kowloon.

FOUR ROOMED HOUSES at Kow-

loon.

Apply to

HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE

Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, Nov. 12, 1914.

TO LET.

No. 52, The Peak (5 Cameron Villas).

No. 62, The Peak (No. 2 Cameron

Villas). Furnished.

'BEACONSFIELD', Battery Path.

'KIRKENDALL' furnished, No. 122

Plantation Road, Peak.

Small Bungalow adjoining 'GLEN-

SHIRE' Barker Road, Peak.

'ROGATE' Austin Road, Kowloon.

From 1st February, 1915.

ROOMS suitable for Offices on the

First Floor of No. 3, Duddell Street.

No. 2, 'MOUNTAIN VIEW', Peak.

No. 2 DES VEAUX VILLAS, 51 Peak

(unfurnished).